Fighting Not for Conquest, But in Defence of Homes, Families and Posterity-No

Question of Honor. Here is the full text of William J Bryan's speech before the convention. which gave rise to such a remarkable outburst of enthusiasm, and did so much toward carrying the convention for his nomination.

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention: I would be presumptuous, indeed, to present myself against the distinguished gentlemen to whom you have listened if this were but a citizen in all the land when clad in the armor of a righteous cause is stronger than the whole hosts error can bring.

"I come to speak to you in defense of a cause holy as the cause of liberty -the cause of humanity.

"When this debate is concluded a motion will be made to lay upon the table the resolution offered in commendation of the administration, and also the resolution in condemnation of the administration. I shall object to bringing the question down to a level of persons. The individual is but an atom; he is born, he acts, he dies, but principles are eternal and this has been a contest of principles. Never before in the history of this country has there been witnessed such a contest as that through which we have passed. Never before in the history of American politics has a great issue been fought out, as this issue has been, by the voters themselves.

"On March 4, 1895, a few Democrats, most of them members of Congress. issued an address to the Democrats of the nation, asserting that the money question was the paramount issue of the hour; asserting also the right of a majority of the Democratic party to control the position of the party on this paramount issue, and concluding with the request that all believers in free coinage of silver in the Democratic party should organize and take charge of and control the policy of the Democratic party.
"Three months later, at Memphis,

an organization was perfected, and the Democrats went forth openly and boldly and courageously proclaimed their belief, and declaring that if successful they would crystalize in a platform the declaration which they had made. And then began the con-flict, with a zeal approaching the zeal which inspired the crusaders who followed Peter the Hermit.

'Our silver Democrats went forth from victory unto victory until they are assembled now, not to discuss, not to debate, but to enter up the judgment rendered by the plain people of this country.

"In this contest brother has been arrayed against brother and father against son. The warmest ties of love and acquaintance and association have been diregarded. Old leaders have been cast aside when they refused to give expression to the sentiments of those whom they would lead, and new leaders have sprung up to give direction to this cause of trust.

"Thus has the contest been waged, and we have assembled here under as binding and solemn instructions as were ever fastened upon the representatives of a people. We do not come as individuals. Why, as individuals we might have been glad to complipeople for whom we speak would never be willing to put him in a position Democratic party. "I said it was not a question of per-

sons; it was a question of principle. and it is with gladness, my friends, that we find ourselves brought into conflict with those who are now arrayed on the other side.

The gentlemen who just preceded me, Governor Russell, spoke of the old State of Massachusetts. Let me assure him that not one person in all this convention entertains the least hostility to the people of the State of Massachusetts. But we stand here representing people who are the equals before the law of the largest citizens in the State of Massachusetts.

"When you come before us and tell us that we shall disturb your business interests we reply that you have disturbed our business interests by your course. We say to you that you have made too limited in its application the definition of 'business man.' The man who is employed for wages is as much a business man as his employer. The attorney in a country town is as much a business man as the corporation counsel in a great metropolis. The merchant at the cross roads is as much a business man as the merchant of New York.

"The farmer who goes forth in the morning and toils all day begins in the spring and toils all summer, and, by the application of brains and muscle to the natural resources of this country, creates wealth, is as much a business man as the man who goes upon the Board of Trade and bets upon the price of grain. The miners who go one thousand feet into the earth or climb two thousand feet upon the cliffs and bring forth from their hiding place the precious metals to be poured into the channels of trade are as much business men as the few financial magnates who in a back room, corner the money market of the world.

"We come to speak of that broader class of business men. Ah, my friends, we say not one word against hose who live npon the Atlantic coast; but those hardy pioneers who braved all the dangers of the wilderness, who nave made the desert to blossom as the rose-those pioneers away out there, rearing their children near to Nature's heart, where they can mingle their standard would frame our platform voices with the voices of the birdsout there Where they have erected school houses for the education of their young, and churches where they praise their Creator, and cemeteries where sleep the ashes of their dead, are as deserving of the consideration of this party as any people in this

country "It is for these that we speak. We do not come as aggressors. Our war is not a war of conquest. We are fighting in defense of our homes, our families and posterity. We have petitioned and our petitions have been scorned. We have entreated, and our entreaties have been disregarded. We have begged, and they have mocked, and our calamity came.

"We beg no longer; we entreat no more; we petition no more. We defy

has said that he fears a Robespierre. My friend, in this land of the free you up from among the people. What we need is an Andrew Jackson, to stand, as Jackson stood, against the encroachments of aggrandized wealth.

"They tell us that this platform was made to catch votes. We reply to private character, however pure, no them that changing conditions make new issues; that the principles upon that can protect from the avenging which rest Democracy are as everlasting as the hills, but that they must be applied to new conditions as they favor of fastening the gold standard arise. Conditions have arisen, and we are attempting to meet those conditions.

ought not to be brought in here, that ers. it is a new idea. They criticise us for you have listened if this were but a our criticisms of the Supreme Court of the United States. My friends, we contest among persons. The humblest citizen in all the land when clad in called attention to what you know. If you want criticisms read the dissentence will dare to challenge battle. ing opinion of the court. That will Why if they tell us that the gold stangive you criticisms.

"They say we passed an unconstitu-tional law. I deny it. The income tax was not unconstitutional when it was passed. It was not unconstitu tional when it went before the Supreme Court for the first time. It did not become unconstitutional until one judge changed his mind, and we cannot be expected to know when a judge will change his mind. INCOME TAX JUST.

"The income tax is a just law. I simply intends to put the burdens of government justly upon the backs of the people. I am in favor of an income tax. When I find a man who is not willing to pay his share of the government which protects him I find a man who is unworthy to enjoy the blessings of a government like ours. "He says that we are opposing the

national bank currency. It is true. If you will read what Thomas Beaton said you will find that he said that in searching history he could find but one parallel to Andrew Jackson. That was Cicero, who destroyed the conspiracy of Catiline to save Rome. He did for Rome what Jackson did when he destroyed the bank conspiracy and saved America.

"We say in our platform that we believe the right to coin money and issue money is a function of government. We believe it is a part of sovereignty and can no more with safety be delegated to private individuals than we could afford to delegate to private individuals the power to make penal statutes or levy laws for taxa-

"Mr. Jefferson, who was once re garded as good Democratic authority, seems to have a different opinion from the gentleman who has addressed us

on the part of the minority.

'Those who are opposed to this proposition tell us that the issue of paper money is a function of the bank, and that the government ought to go out of the banking business. I stand with lefferson rather than with them in holding, as he did, that the issue of money is a function of the government, and that the banks ought to go out of the government business.

'They complain about that plank which declares against the life tenure in office. They have tried to strain it to mean that which it does not mean. What we oppose in that plank is the life tenure that is being built at Washington, which excludes from participation in the benefits the humbler members of our society. I cannot dwell on this longer in my limited time.

"Let me call attention to two or three great things. The gentleman ses who have ever been the foundament the gentleman from New York, from New York says that he will protion of the Democratic party. ment the gentleman from New York, fr this change in our law shall not affect contracts already made. Let me rewhere he could thwart the will of the mind him that there is no intention of affecting those contracts which, according to the present laws, are made payable in gold. But if he means to say that we cannot change our monetary system without protecting those who have loaned money before the change was made, I want to ask him where, in law or in morals, he can find authority for not protecting the debtors when the Act of 1873 was passed, when he now insists that we must protect the creditor.
"He says he also wants to amend

this law and provide that if we fail to spring up again as if by magic; but demaintain a parity within a year we will then suspend the coinage of silver. We reply that when we advocate a thing which we believe will be successful, we are not compelled to raise a doubt as to our own sincerity by trying to show what we will do if

QUESTION OF PARITY. "I ask bim, if he will apply his logic to us, why he does not apply it to himself. He says that he wants this country to try to secure an interna-tional agreement. Why doesn't he tell us what he is going to do if they fail to secure an international agreement? There is more reason for him to do that than for us to fail to maintain the parity. They have tried for thirty years-for thirty years-to secure an international agreement, and those who are waiting for it most pa-

tiently don't want it at all. "Now, my friends, let me come to the great paramount issue. If they ask us here why it is that we say more on the money question than we say upon the tariff question, I reply that if protection has slain its thousands, the gold standard has slain its tens of thousands. If they ask us why we did not embody all these things in our platform which we believe, we reply to them that when we have restore the money of the constitution, all other necessary reforms will be possible, and that until that is done there is no reform that can be accomplished.

CHANGED IN THREE MONTHS. "Why is that within three months such a change has come over the sentiments of this country? Three months ago, when it was confidently asserted that those who believe in the gold and nominate another candidate.even the advocates of the gold standard did not think that we could elect a President, but they had good reasons for the suspicion, because there is scarcely a State here today asking the gold standard that is not within the absolute control of the Republican party.

"But note the change. Mr. McKin-ley was nominated at St. Louis on a platform that declared for the mainan international agreement. Mr. Mc-Kinley was the most popular man among the Republicans, and every-body three months ago in the Repub-lican party prophesied his election.

"The gentleman from Wisconsin on the anniversary of the battle of Waterloo. Not only that, but as he listens he can hear with ever increas need fear no tyrant who will spring ing distinctness the sound of the waves FOR THE WEEK ENDING LAST as they beat upon the lonely shores of St. Helena.

"Why this change? Ah, my freinds, is not the change evident to any one who will look at the matter? It is no personal popularity, however great, wrath of an indignant people the man who will either declare that he is in upon this people, or who is willing to surrender the right of self-government "They tell us that the income tax hands of foreign potentates and pow

CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS.

"We go forth confident that we shal Why? Because upon the paraw'n. mount issue in this campaign there is not a spot of ground upon which the dard is a good thing, we point to their platform and tell them that their platform pledges the party to get rid of a gold standard and substitute bimetallism. If the gold standard is a good thing, why try to get rid of it?
"I might call your attention to the

fact that some of the very people who are in this convention today, and who tell you that we ought to declare in favor of international bimetallism, and thereby delare that the gold standard is wrong and the principle of bimetallism is better-these very people four months ago were open and avowed advocates of the gold standard, and telling us that we could not legislate two metals together, even with all the world.

"I want to suggest this truth, that if the gold standard is a good thing we ought to declare in favor of its retention, and not in favor of abandoning it, and if the gold standard is a bad thing, why should we wait until some other nations are willing to help us to let go?

on either issue, or on both. If they tell us that the gold standard is the them that this the most enlightened of all the nations of the earth, has never declared for a gold standard, and both the parties this year are declaring against it.

"If the gold standard is the standard of civilization, why, my friends, should we not have it? So, if they come to meet us on that, we can present the history of our nation. More than that, we can tell them this that they will search the pages of history in vain to find a single instance in which the common people of any land have ever declared themselves in favor of a gold standard. They can find where the holders of fixed investments have.

"Mr. Carlisle said in 1878 that thi was a struggle between the idle holders of idle capital and the struggling masses who produce the wealth and pay the taxes of the country, and, my friends, it is simply a question that we shall decide, upon which side shall the Democratic party fight? Upon the side of the idle holders of idle capital or upon the side of the struggling masses? That is the question that the party must answer first and then it must be answered by each individual hereafter.

"The sympathies of the Democratic party, as described by the platform, are on the side of the struggling mas-There There perous their prosperity will leak through on those below. The Democratic idea has been that if you legislate to make the masses prosperous their prosperity will find its way up through every class and rest upon it.

CITIES REST ON PRAIRES. "You come to us and tell us that the curately estimated. great cities are in favor of the gold standard. I tell you that the great cities rest upon these broad and fertile prairies. Burn down your cities and leave our farms, and your cities will stroy our farms and the grass will grow in the streets of every city in this

country.
"My friends, we shall declare that nor New York by saying that when tion of corn is expected. its citizens are confronted with the proposition. Is this nation able to athelpless impotency as a nation to attend to our own business.

ISSUE OF 1776 OVER AGAIN. "It is the issue of 1776 over again. Our ancestors were the 3,000,000 who had the courage to declare their political independence of every other na-tion on earth. Shall we, their descendants, when we have grown to 70,000. 000, declare that we are less indepen dent than our forefathers? No, my

of this people. "Therefore, we care not upon what lines the battle is fought. If they say bimetallism is good, but we cannot have it until some nation help us, we reply that, instead of having a gold shall restore bimetallism and then let England have bimetallism because the United States has.

"If they dare to come out and in the open defend the gold standard as a good thing, we shall fight them to the uttermost. Having behind us the proworld; having behind us the commercial interests, and the laboring interests, and all the toiling masses, we shall answer their demands for a gold standard by saying to him: 'You shall not press down upon the brow of labor this crown of thorns. You shall not crucify mankind upon a cross of

Republicans Joining.

BUTTE, Mont., July 14.-A tremendous mass meeting was held in Butte tenance of the gold standard until it last night, and the Bryan and Sewall should be changed into bimetallism by Club organized. Over 2,000 voters signed the roll, including many of the most prominent Republicans in the city. Mayor Thompson and State Attorney W. L. Wines, both Republi-Napoleon—that man shudders today made by prominent Populists and would be the next Democratic nominee when he thinks that he was nominated Democrats.

Always in stock, a full line of TOZER ENGINES AND BOILDER world stands with open mouth, waiting for the farmer to fill it with food. prices. REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

THE CROP OUTLOOK.

SATURDAY. Cotton in Need of Sunshine Since the Wet

Crops Prospering The following bulletin covers the veather and crop conditions for the week ending Saturday, July 11, as reported by Observer Bauer, which were cealing nothing from any man. But prepared from reports from one or can my competitor say as much? He and place legislative control in the more correspondents in each county of the State.

Weather, But the Prospects Good-Other

Ordinarily, the week just passed includes the dates of highest temperatures for the year in South Carolina, and about stationary temperature may be expected for the remainder of the month and into August, after which a or not he is a member or attended slow decrease at first, then more rapid upon the meetings of an organization will ordinarily occur.

The mean temperature for the past normal; highest temperature 96 on the 5th at Blackville, and on the 6th at Spartanburg; lowest 52 on the 9th at abhorrence by true Reformers from Looper's. Mean temperature of 40 both a moral and political standpoint." stations, 77, and the approximate normal for the same period is 82.

seven days of the week. Out of 44 reports the smallest amount reported was 1.82 at Yemassee. The distribu-tion of the rainfall is shown by the following reports: Augusta, Ga., 6.44; Allendale 1.88, Batesburg 4 60, Black-ville 2 56, Greenwood 9.71, Greenville 8.51, Spartanburg 6.03, Cheraw 6.05, Florence 3.61, Kingstree 3.20, St. George's 3.11, St. Matthew's 3.58, Pinopolis 2.33, Darlington 3.85, Tiller's Ferry 7.41, Shaw's Fork 6.00, St. George's (2) 4.50, Charleston 6.31, Liberty 5,75, McColl 6.40, Beaufort 6.00 Winnsboro 5.15, Anderson 4.90, Santuc 6.48, Reid 5.75, Trial 3.61, Columbia 6.85, Camden 7.27, Chesterfield 6.18, Mont Clare 6.75, Elloree 2.37, Longshore 6 80, Looper's 8 05, Trenton 6.51, Little Mountain 8.67 Walhalla

The average of these 44 reports is tell us that the gold standard is the standard of civilization, we reply to iod is approximately 1.29 inches. The rain fell so that much of it san into the His remains will be buried tomorrow

There was less than half the usual duration of possible sunshine, the percentage for the State having been 37, ranging from 18 at Trio to 53 per cent. at Winnsboro. The effect of so much cloudiness was in the main beneficial by preventing scalding, which would have occurred had the sun shone hot before the ground had become partial ly dry.

Too much rain. That and high winds on Wednesday, 8th, caused a general falling off in the condition of corn and cotton, but with less effect on other crops, in fact, minor crops were decidedly improved except on overflowed land. The wind is reported to have blown a gale in the western counties, breaking down and tangling corn and large cotton, and owing to the changing direction of the high wind, it worked holes around the roots of and retarding its growth materially. Much of the green fruit remaining on the trees was blown off, thus further

shortening an already small crop. The rivers, and many of the smaller streams, overflowed their banks and ruined a large portion of bottom land crops. In estimating the damage from this source, the fact should be taken are those who believe that if you just yield nearly, or quite, twice as much legislate to make the well to do pros- as the same acreage of ordinary up-

The Great Pee Dee rose to within 6 inches of the great freshet of March. 1865. The Broad, Congaree, Wateree, Lynches, Savannah and other rivers were over their banks more or less, but the damage can as yet not be ac

Farm work was delayed by the rains and wet soil and crops are fast becom-ing grassy, but as fields were previously well cultivated, except in a few counties, the grass can be brought under control before much injury will result from that source. Hillside lands were badly washed in six counties.

as good as it was a week ago, with the of the ensuing campaign. The Demothis nation is able to legislate for its exception of upland in Laurens and cratic candidate promises to stump own people on every question, with Chesterfield where it is very fine. The this State and to deliver at least one out waiting for the aid or consent of greatest injury to corn was done by address in Toledo. Mr. Bryan is deany other nation on earth, and upon the wind. The rains prevented the sirous of having a joint debate on the that issue we expect to carry every spread of porlen. Dry weather and currency question with ex-Gov. Mesingle State in this union. I shall not the wet soil will improve late corn, so Kinley and he will let Mr. McKinley slander the fair State of Massachusetts that a rapid improvement in the condiselect the time and place. Among the

weather but to what extent can not er H. Degnan, of this city, alternate tend to its own business?-I will not now be definitely stated. Shedding of at large. slander either one by saying that the squares is reported from four counties people of those States will declare our and the lack of sufficient sunshine has during the campaign, Mr. Bryan?" he caused rust to appear at places and asked. the plant to turn yellow. It is sappy and growing largely to weed, nevertheless it continues to fruit heavily and

the general condition is good. Tobacco curing was, retarded by the rains but the condition of tobacco in general is very promising now. Rice is in excellent condition but

planters on lower, Santes are apprehensive of overflows when the high watfriends, it will never be the judgment ers of the Wateree and Congaree reach er in the Ways and Means Committee. the first named river.

Peas are still being sown to some extent. Peas as well as all other minor crops are in excellent condition. Sweet potatoes doing very well, also sorghum cane, late gardons and passtandard because England has, we tures. Truck along the coast is rotting from too much rain.

Luddeu & Bates are Your Men-

If you want to buy a fine piano direct from factory, and without paying an informal way for some time and middlemen's profits, write the well-Mr. Bryan several times referred to middlemen's profits, write the wellknown Southern Music House of Ludducing masses of this nation and the den & Bates, Savannah, Ga., about it. They are your men. They manufac-ture the new Ludden & Bates piano. They own an interest in the great Mathushek Piano, sold by them for twenty-five years past. They control almost the entire output of the factory and have just opened large whole-sale warerooms in New York City. They sell from factory direct to pur-

> issue and write them either at Savannah, Ga., or New York City. A Prophecy Half Fulfilled.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 15.—Two years ago William J. Bryan delivered a commencement address at the State an party prophesied his election.

cans, made strong speeches declaring Normal and Industrial Schools for is the grand exchequer of the world the world why, that man no silver man could consistently supgirls here. Miss Gertrude M. Bagby that honors all drafts however large. who used to boast that he looked like port McKinley. Speeches were also was class prophet and said Bryan To express the idea otherwise, all the

A SPICY MEETING.

[CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.]

one occasion have shown he did not love the honor of his office well enough to keep from disgracing it. This young man has seen fit to attack me on political grounds. There question no dispute as is no where I stood in 1890, nor where I am and have been for the

past four years. My record is open whatever I did was done on conviction and with honesty of purpose, conwas a Bratton man in 1890, and does not deny it, knowing I have the proof. Can he tell you truthfully that he action in the control of the co quainted Gen. Farley with his honest riews on politics that year, before accepting that office under him?
"Will Mr. Watts also say whether

known in Columbia as 'Scatterwood Alliance or Club,' and if so, to tell week averaged 5 degrees cooler than you truthfully the purpose of that club? When he does, I will show you that organization is looked on with

Messrs. Robinson and Mayfield, candidates for superintendent of educa-At many places there was rain on tion, and the candidates for congress ion, and the candidates for congress These are our Retail prices:

-Finley, Trantham and Strait—were WELCH & EASON "PERFECTION" the other speakers.

MISS TILLMAN'S DEATH.

[CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.]

over the same railroad .- State. THE REV. MR. LEE.

The following special was received Best Leaf Lard, 50 pound cass, 6%c pound by The State from Yorkville about the Best Leaf Lard, 20 pound cans, 7c pound.

Rev. Robert A. Lee: referred to in The State today as being | Compound Lard, 20 pound cans, 61/4c pound killed yesterday at Brevard, N. C., is Rev. R. A. Lee, rector of the Epis-copal church in Yorkville. The news of his sudden death has cast a gloom over the whole town. He was a very not upon which issue they force the fight. We are prepared to meet them on either issue or on both. It the fight of the fi nominations, as he was a Christian, first and an Episcopalian afterwards. His parents live at Due West, S. C. ground and the subsoil is now at the family burying ground in Abthoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the remainder of this crop season.

The remains will be duried with the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the remainder of this crop season.

The remains will be duried with the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need to be subsoil is now at the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need to be subsoil is now at the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need to be subsoil is now at the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of drought need be felt for the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of the family burying ground in Abbhoroughly saturated and no apprehension of the family buryi of his congregation, left here tonight for Abbeville. The St. Agnas Guild and Ladies' Auxiliary sent beautiful floral offerings. Much sympathy is expressed also for Senator Tillman in

his affliction. Many Men Drowned. CLEVELAND, July 16 .- The most appalling disaster which has occurred in Cleveland, except the Viaduct horror last winter, when a loaded car plunged one hundred feet into the river occur red tonight at 8 o'clock. While a flatbottomed ferry boat, loaded with between forty and fifty laborers was crossing the old river channel. it was capsized and all the men thrown into the channel and between fifteen and twenty drowned, fourteen bodies having been taken from the water up to 11 p. m. The accident was due to a cotton, breaking off the upper roots of panic among the men on board The Cheap Biscuits boat was so loaded that the gunwale was only three inches above the water, and a passing tug made waves which came into the boat. At once there was a rush to the other side and the boat went under and spilled the men. They were all members of a gang of ore from both vessels and many were pulwere rescued by small boats, and some swam ashore. The life saving crew was summoned and the work of searching for bodies at once begun. Within a short time seven of the unfortunates were brought to shore and taken to the morgue for identification.

many lives were lost. Bryan Going te Ohie. TOLEDO, Ohio, July 16.-The Bee says today: If William J. Bryan has The general condition of corn is not his way Ohio will be the storm center select the time and place. Among the callars upon the distinguished nomi-Cotton was also injured by the wet nee just after the. nomination was Pe-

Those who escaped scattered in every

direction, and it is uncertain just how

"Can we hope to see you in Ohio-

"You certainly can," was the prompt reply. "I expect to make a number of speeches in Ohio between now and election." "What, invade the home of McKin-

ley?"
"I know Mr. McKinley very well, returned Mr. Bryan, "and esteem him very highly as a man. We were together in Congress and worked togeth-He is an excellent gentleman and thoroughly honest in all he says and

does."
"If you come to Ohio you may happen to meet hlm," was suggested. "I would not ask anything better than to meet Mr. McKinley in joint debate," said Mr. Bryan, his eyes kin-

The conversation was continued in his desire to meet Mr. McKinley.

Their Prayers Answered. BALTIMORE, July 15. - Mrs. Elizabeth Siemaker and Mrs. Lucretia Woolford. sisters, aged 65 and 63 years, respectively, who had lived together all their ives and who last Sunday prayed that they might die together, were burned to death last night. Their husbands died years ago. British Ships Collide.

chasers and save purchasers all inter-mediate profits. They are your men. Read their latest advertisement in this LONDON, July 15 .- The Atlantic Transportation Company's steamship Mobile, Capt. Layland, for New York, collided with the British steamer Storm King, bound for Baltimore, at Gravesend today. Both vessels are damaged.

Jefferson said of agriculture that it girls here. Miss Gertrude M. Bagby that honors all drafts however large.

The trustworthy cure for the Whiskey, Opium, Morphine and Tobacco Habits. For further information address The Keeley Institute, or Drawer 27, Columbia, S. C.

IN A MEASURE

such as ours is.

We call attention to the few items below. FLOUR. Finest Flour Made,

Barrels \$4.75, Haif Barrels \$2.50. WELCH & EASON'S "BEAUTY" FLOUR, Next Best Grade,

Choice Family Flour \$4.25 barrel.

Best Leaf. Lard, 10 pound cans, 82 pound. YORKVILLE, July 16.—The Mr. Lee Compound Lard, 50 pound cans, 51/20 pound Composed Lard, 10 pound cans, 7c pound.

IN RICE

WE ARE

We have it at 21/2c, 23/4c, in any qurntity less than

COFFEES

We have all grades at a good cup of coffee.

Green and Black at 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00 per pound.

Granulated Sugar

smaller quantities. or 5 3-4c pound in smaller quantities.

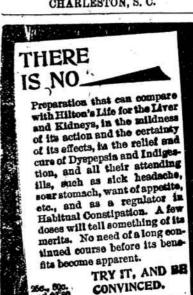
By the Box ONLY of 20 to 25 pounds.

Soda XXX-plain 4 1-2c pound were all members of a gang of ore handlers and were coming to their homes. The scene in the river, as described by the men on the tug and the steamer Langdon, which were passing, steamer Langdon, which were passifig, was one of wild struggle for life.

Lines and life preservers were thrown

One of guarantee stands behind ours. Our guarantee stands behind everything we send out and we live up to led aboard. Others of the unfortunates it in every instance. Your money isn't

> WELCH & EASON, UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS, 85 and 187 Meeting and 117 Market Sts., CHARLESTON, S. C.



Sold wholesale by

The Murray Drug Co. COLUMBIA, S. C.

> AND Dr. H. Baer, Charleston, S.C.

HELP WANTED

MEN WANTED in every Township in this

county to advertise Diamond Crystal Syrup. Those willing to work hard eight hours per day can make from \$3 to \$10 per day. No more hard times for you or your dependents dling, "right in his own State and at if you engage with us and hustle. Send his home." Orangeburg, S. C.

People have to depend on the word of the dealer · as to the quality of grocaries. It is very easy to make the price cheap at the expense of the quality -Kasy to hide the cheat, too. Only safe way is to deal at a reliable house,

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